

**Rtapalli Vidyapitha Shraddha Scholarship Examination**

**Subject- English, Phase I**

**February 5, 2017**

**Time – 1hour 15min**

**F.M. – 80**

**(1) Write in Odia the meaning of the following sentences:**

**[10 x 2]**

Most of the important Indian thoughts and ideas have come from the Vedas, Upanishads, and Bhagavat Gita. Katha Upanishad is one of the main Upanishads. This Upanishad talks about the conversation between Yama and a boy named Nachiketa. One day Nachiketa was watching his father give away gifts to people. He asked his father, “O father, since I am so precious to you, will you give me away as a gift?” When his father did not reply he asked again, “Father, to whom are you giving me as a gift?” His father got angry and said, “I am giving you to Yama.” Then the little boy went to Yamapura, but Yama gave him three boons and asked him to return home. On the third boon, Nachiketa asked Yama very difficult questions about life and death. At first Yama refused, but later he became so happy with Nachiketa that he taught him many important truths about life and death.

**(2) Write in Odia the meaning of the following sentences:**

**[6 x 2]**

When you throw coloured *Avira* powder at your friends during Holi, it falls on them like dust particles (କଣିକା). When you throw a stone in a pond it creates waves (ତରଙ୍ଗ) in the water. Just like water waves, light also travels as a wave. Scientists have found that light can also travel like dust particles. So, according to scientists, we can think of light in two different ways: as waves and as particles. This is called wave-particle duality (ଦୈତ ପ୍ରକୃତି).

**Answer the following questions based on the above passage (sentences):**

**[3]**

- (i) How does *Avira* powder fall?
- (ii) When you jump into your village pond, what will you create?
- (iii) Light only behaves as a wave. Right or wrong?

**(3) Translate the following sentences into English.**

**[10x2]**

ମୋ ସାଙ୍ଗର ବାପା ଜଣେ ଓକିଲ । ତମ ମା'ଙ୍କ ଦେହ କେମିତି ଅଛି? ଆମ ଘର ଆଗରେ ଗୋଟେ ବିରାଟ ପୋଖରୀ ଅଛି । ବର୍ଷା ହେଉଛି, ତାଲ ଘରକୁ ଯିବା । ବାପା ଆସନ୍ତା ରବିବାର ମୁମ୍ବାଇରୁ ଫେରିବେ । ଆମ ବିଦ୍ୟାଳୟରେ ଗଣେଶ ପୂଜା ଓ ସରସ୍ୱତୀ ପୂଜା ପ୍ରତିବର୍ଷ ପାଳନ କରାଯାଏ । ଶିତଦିନେ ଦେଶବିଦେଶରୁ ଅନେକ ପକ୍ଷୀ ଚିଲିକାକୁ ଆସନ୍ତି । ଆହା, କି ସୁନ୍ଦର ପକ୍ଷୀଟିଏ ! ଏଥର ବାରବାଟୀ ଛାତିୟମରେ ମୁଁ ଭାରତ-ଇଂଲଣ୍ଡ କ୍ରିକେଟ ମ୍ୟାଚ ଦେଖିବାକୁ ଯାଇଥିଲି । ତୁମେ କେବେ ଚିଡ଼ିଆଖାନା ବୁଲିବାକୁ ଯାଇଛ?

**(4) Make sentences using any 5 of the following:**

**[5x2]**

Enjoy, already, instead of, excited, possible, everybody

**(5)(a) Fill in the blanks choosing right words given in the bracket. (into, by, over, on, of, from, for, to, at)**

**[5]**

- (i) Be careful \_\_\_\_ your mistakes. (ii) I was born \_\_\_\_ a Friday.
- (iii) He is walking to school \_\_\_\_ foot. (iv) Look \_\_\_\_ the mirror to see a happy face.
- (v) Look \_\_\_\_ the bull running towards the crowd..

**(b) Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verb ‘come’.**

**[5]**

- (i) My father \_\_\_\_ from Chandigarh last Monday. (i) Gopal \_\_\_\_ to school late everyday.
- (iii) Mina \_\_\_\_ not \_\_\_\_ back yet from her dance class. (iv) My grandmother is ill, so she \_\_\_\_ to see my dance. (v) Wait for a minute, I \_\_\_\_\_ soon.

**(6) (a) Make questions to get the answers below. Use the word given in the bracket. [3]**

- (i) I go to school by bicycle. (**how**) (ii) This year, we went to Chilika for our picnic. (**where**)
- (iii) Mita was absent yesterday due to her illness. (**why**)

**(b) Arrange the given words to make meaningful sentences.**

**[2]**

- (i) been, village, month, we, our, had, to, last (ii) habit, is, reading, good, regularly, a